



Specifications and reasons:

T.3 (T.4 of TPO) Willow (C)

Thin pollard points by removing 20% of the larger sections of growth to reduce

1. The pruning will be carried out in accordance with the guidelines in BS3998, is therefore an appropriate recognised pruning technique and should be allowed to be carried on to all trees to alleviate problems and conflicts
2. The crown reduction will be carried out by a highly skilled arborist in accordance with the guidelines in B.S 3998 and therefore a natural crown shape will be retained. When crown reduction are carried out in this way it is very hard for a lay person to be able to see that works have been carried out and therefore the visual amenity provided by this tree will not be affected.
3. The pruning will only remove an estimated under 20% of the total leaf area of the tree and therefore the overall effect on the tree will be minimal.
4. The area has plenty of tree cover and therefore any loss of visual amenity will be minimal.
5. The trees vitality is good and therefore the pruning will not have a significant detrimental effect to overall condition of the tree.
6. The pruning will improve the relationship between the tree and its location.
7. The target area should the tree or a portion of it fail is a nursery and there is a moderate risk of failure. The area is heavily used. Any failure has the potential to lead to significant damage to property and/or serious injuries.
8. Because the house screens the tree the branches removed will only be noticeable from one or two public places and you will have to look hard to see they are missing, therefore the loss of visual amenity for the local landscape will be minimal.
9. The tree has been pollarded previously, and this action is to remove some of the larger sections of regrowth to lessen the chances of failure

T.5 Ash (T.5 of TPO) (C)

Crown lift to approximately 5m by removing secondary growth only where possible

Reduce the side growing over the nursery by approximately 1.5-2m

Remove major deadwood, ie branches over 50mm at source and over 300mm in length



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9. The tree is very one sided over the nursery, showing initial signs of dieback and has decay at the base, the reduction is to lessen the risk of any branches falling into the nursery.