Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL

# TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
# PLANNING AND COMPENSATION ACT 1991
# TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURE ORDER 1995)

## APPLICATION FOR FULL PLANNING PERMISSION

To: c/o P H Watkins
48 Broomfield Road
Tilehurst
Reading
Berks
RG30 6AL

Application No: 01/01061/FUL

Applicant: Mr R. Bashier

READING BOROUGH COUNCIL as local planning authority REFUSE FULL planning permission for the following development.

Proposal: Erection of a three bedroomed detatched house to rear of existing dwelling

At: 433 Basingstoke Road Reading RG2 0JF

For the attached reasons

**PLEASE READ THE NOTES ISSUED WITH THIS DECISION NOTICE**

Date: 5th October 2001

David Gworthy

Head of Planning and Transport

PRC

**NOTES**

**APPEALS**

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within six months of the date of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Department of the Environment, Tollgate House, Houlton Street, Bristol, BS2 9DJ. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

**BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32**

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequancy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall b construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

**SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990**

76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work)-

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

**HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS**

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (Part 2) and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the Environment Agency acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authority and additional procedures may have to be followed. There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfil sites could be a problem. Advice about all these issues can be obtained from:

Environment Agency
Isis House, Howberry Park
Wallingford
Oxon OX10 8BD Telephone: (01491) 832801 Fax: (01189) 533302

**BUILDING REGULATIONS**

This planning permission does not give approval under the Building Regulations. Before any works are commenced you should check with the Building Control Section of the Council whether any approval is required under the Building Regulations.

Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL

Application At: 433 Basingstoke Road Reading RG2 0JF

Application No: 01/01061/FUL

## REASONS FOR REFUSAL

1. The proposed development would have a detrimental impact on the amenities of adjoining residential occupiers in Basingstoke Road and Padstow Gardens by virtue of overlooking of the rear of these properties and garden areas from the proposed house and, in the case of 431 Basingstoke Road, the overbearing impact of the development and overshadowing of the garden area. As such the proposal is contrary to Policies HSG5 (Residential Design Standards) and HSG9 (Location of Residential Development) of the Reading Borough Local Plan.

2. The proposal would constitute an overdevelopment of the site resulting in an insufficient amount of amenity space for the proposed dwelling to the detriment of the amenities of future occupants. As such the proposal is contrary to Policy HSG5 (Residential Design Standards) of the Reading Borough Local Plan.

3. The vehicular access to the site is of insufficient width to serve the new dwelling given that it is shared with pedestrians. As such the proposal would be detrimental to highway and pedestrian safety and contrary to Policies HSG5 (Residential Design Standards) and HSG9 (Location of Residential Development) of the Reading Borough Local Plan.

## INFORMATIVES

1 The approved scheme on the adjoining site demonstrated adequate access. However this scheme has not yet been implemented and therefore this application has been evaluated in relation to the existing situation.

Date: 5th October 2001

David Gworthy

Head of Planning and Transport

**NOTES**

**APPEALS**

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within six months of the date of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Department of the Environment, Tollgate House, Houlton Street, Bristol, BS2 9DJ. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

**BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32**

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequancy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall b construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

**SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990**

76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work)-

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

**HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS**

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (Part 2) and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the Environment Agency acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authority and additional procedures may have to be followed. There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfil sites could be a problem. Advice about all these issues can be obtained from:

Environment Agency
Isis House, Howberry Park
Wallingford
Oxon OX10 8BD Telephone: (01491) 832801 Fax: (01189) 533302

**BUILDING REGULATIONS**

This planning permission does not give approval under the Building Regulations. Before any works are commenced you should check with the Building Control Section of the Council whether any approval is required under the Building Regulations.