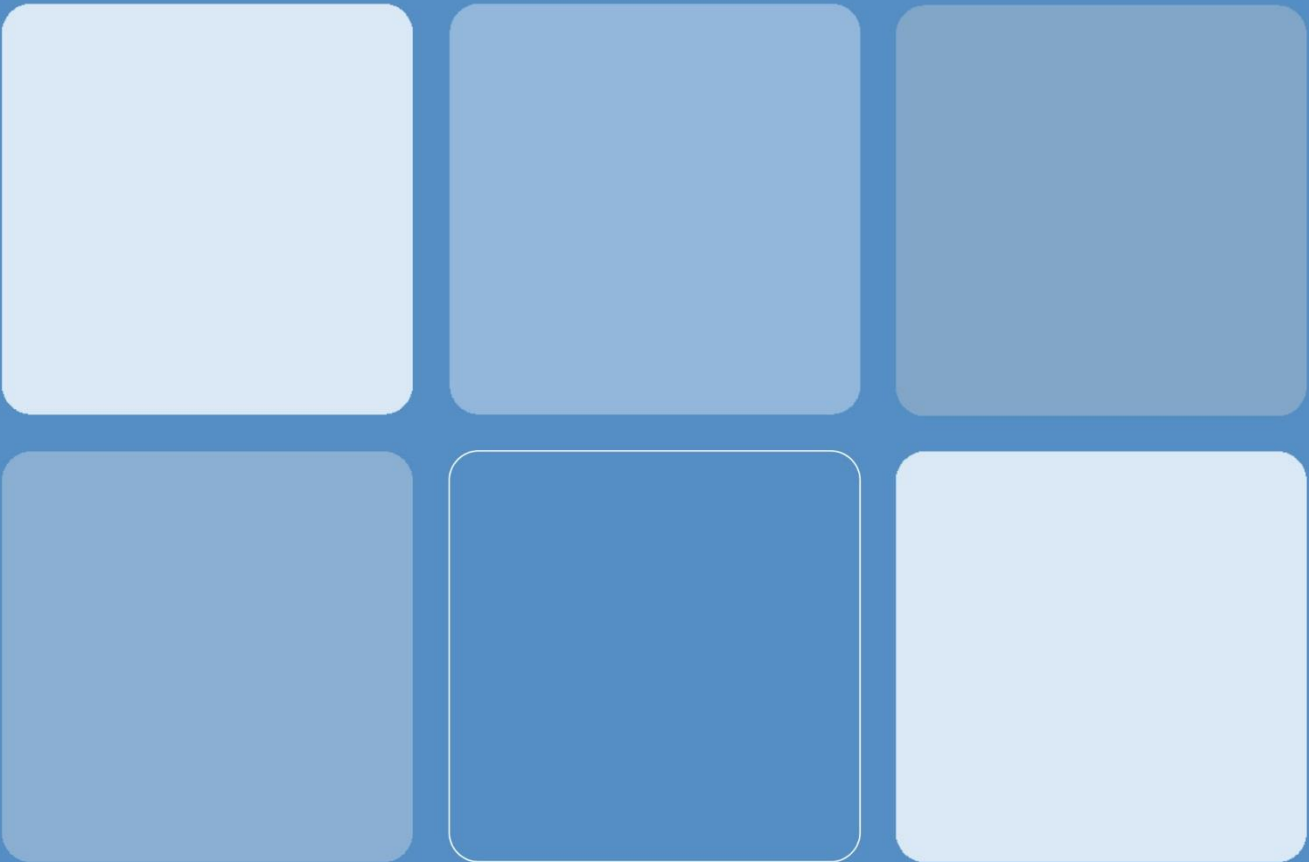




**LIDL
BASINGSTOKE ROAD**

**ARBORICULTURAL
IMPACT AND METHOD
STATEMENT REPORT**





4th October 2016

Our Ref: JSL2658_771

RPS

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Date:	October 2016
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1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Arboricultural Impact and Method Statement Report was commissioned by Lidl UK GmbH. A tree survey in accordance with BS5837: 2012¹ was undertaken on the 20th of June 2016.
- 1.2 This commission was prepared in support of plans to replace existing signage at the frontage of the Lidl Store on 577 Basingstoke Rd, Reading, RG2 0SJ.
- 1.3 The purpose of this report is to:
- Assess and quantify the Arboricultural Impact of the proposed re-development.
 - Provide additional arboricultural information and advice in relation to the protection of trees throughout the development of the site.
 - Provide a Tree Protection, Removal and Planting Plan to detail the proposed protective measures to be taken in respect of the trees during development of the site, and the show the locations of proposed mitigation planting.
 - Provide advice and details on the planting of mitigation trees, including the provision of a Tree Pit Construction detail.
- 1.4 The Tree Protection, Removal and Planting Plan JSL2658_702 identifies the following:
- Trees to be retained;
 - Trees requiring removal;
 - Alignment and design of protective fence;
 - Root Protection Area (RPA) of trees;
 - Proposed locations of mitigation trees.
- 1.5 The arboricultural impact assessment will be made available to all relevant site operatives prior to and throughout the demolition and construction process, so they understand the scope and importance of the tree protection measures.
- 1.6 This report was authorised by Chris Chambers, a Chartered Forester and Landscape Architect of RPS group.

¹ *British Standards Institute, (2012). British Standard (BS5837), Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction – Recommendations.*

2 SUMMARY OF TREE SURVEY FINDINGS

Surveyed trees in poor condition

- 2.1 T7 showed significant crown dieback and indicated declining physiological health. This may be indicative that the soil condition is not optimal for this species of tree, which typically requires an acidic pH². The proposed re- development may present a good opportunity to replace this tree with a more suitable species that will provide meaningful tree cover for a significant number of years.
- 2.2 T8# was a dead birch tree pertaining to category U of the BS5837 tree grading criteria. The tree has no future potential and requires removal and replacement.
- 2.3 T9 was a category C birch. The tree was of a reduced stature and landscape amenity value due to the loss of its central leader.

Planning considerations

- 2.4 New tree planting opportunities should be considered as part of any potential redevelopment, this will help to broaden the age diversity of the tree cover within the area. Sufficient space should be provided for species with significant stature to grow out into maturity.
- 2.5 The client provided a copy of Tree Preservation Order (TPO) 24/10 which protects a number of trees on site, served by Reading Borough Council in August 2010. The Tree Protection, Removal and Planting Plan JSL2658_702 indicates those trees protected by a TPO with a blue hatch. The 24/10 TPO plan is attached in Appendix 7.
- 2.6 Reading Borough Council confirmed by email in June 2016 that the site is not within a Conservation Area.
- 2.7 Under the UK planning system, local authorities have a statutory duty to consider the protection and planting of trees when granting planning permission for proposed development. The potential effect of development of trees, whether statutorily protected (e.g. by a tree preservation order or by their inclusion within a conservation area) or not, is a material consideration that is taken into account in dealing with planning applications.
- 2.8 Trees can offer many benefits, including the provision of visual amenity, softening or complementing the effect of the built environment, and adding maturity to new developments by making places more comfortable in tangible ways by contributing screening and shade, reducing wind speed and turbulence, intercepting snow and rainfall, and reducing glare.

² Watson, G. W., & Himelick, E. B. (2004). Effects of soil pH, root density, and tree growth regulator treatments on pin oak chlorosis. *Journal of Arboriculture*.

3 ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT & METHOD STATEMENT

Introduction

- 3.1 Trees have finite energy reserves, developed each year throughout the growing season, which are utilised for biological processes such as growth and defence against pests or diseases throughout the following year.
- 3.2 Any development in proximity to trees has the potential to cause harm to those trees unless control measures are identified and acted upon; as such it is essential to consider the relationship between the proposed development and the retained trees to identify what precautions are necessary, proportionate and appropriate.
- 3.3 Development has the potential to impact upon the above ground and below ground parts of trees. Whilst some damage that can occur, such as physical damage to the trees stems and branches from machinery movements, is clearly visible the impact from other aspects of work common on development sites which can have a significant effect upon the continued health of trees are not always immediately evident.
- 3.4 Damage that is not immediately evident but which can cause long term harm to retained trees includes things such as damage to the soil structure by compaction causing root damage and levels changes altering the water table and affecting moisture availability.
- 3.5 To minimise the potential for harm to occur to retained trees all works must be carried out with regard to the Tree Protection measures detailed within this report.
- 3.6 In general it can be seen that, by adopting appropriate methods of working, precautionary and protective measures, significant harm to retained trees can be avoided.
- 3.7 In particular the establishment of a Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ) by erection of Tree Protection Fencing will minimise the potential for harm to occur to retained trees.
- 3.8 The retention and protection of the significant vegetation will assist in assimilating the proposed development into the wider landscape and offer longer term tree cover. Furthermore, redevelopment of the site may offer an excellent opportunity to actively manage the retained vegetation and accordingly we recommend restorative tree works be undertaken. This will further improve the amenity value and landscape setting of the site and increase the useful life of the trees.

Brief Description of Proposed Development

- 3.9 The redevelopment of the site consists of the replacement of an existing flag sign at the main vehicular entrance to the store with a 'totem' type sign.

Tree Retention and Removal

- 3.10 Based on the proposals, the realisation of the development will require the loss of one tree, T9 (BS5837 category C2).

- 3.11 Due to its proximity to the new sign and potential future conflicts with the crown spread of T7 (BS5837 category C2), it is recommended this tree is also removed. Given that T7 was in an apparently poor physiological condition, this will provide an opportunity to replace the tree with a more suitable species for this planting environment.
- 3.12 T8# (BS5837 category U) was dead and it is recommended this tree is replaced in the same location with a tree of similar species and stature.
- 3.13 The Tree Protection, Removal and Replanting Plan JSL2658_702 (Appendix 2) shows the location of trees to be removed and the proposed locations of replacement tree planting.
- 3.14 Trees requiring removal are not of a sufficient size to require stump grinding, however the root balls of T7 and T9 will need to be removed to accommodate the replacement tree and new totem sign respectively. This is to be done following erection of Tree Protective Fencing as indicated in The Tree Protection, Removal and Replanting Plan JSL2658_702. It is reasonable to assume underground services are not present in this area as trees have already been planted, however due to the unavailability of an underground services plan it is recommended an underground services check is carried out by a suitably qualified person in the area using a CAT scanner. Root balls are to be mechanically dug out. A temporary set-back of fencing as indicated in The Tree Protection, Removal and Replanting Plan JSL2658_702 is acceptable to accommodate the removal of T8# but this shall be re-aligned to the original location immediately after tree removal. No heavy machinery is to enter the Construction Exclusion Zone as defined by the fence- line (at any time) throughout tree removal.
- 3.15 See Appendix 8 for Tree Works Schedule.

Proposed works within the Root Protection Area (RPA) and Canopy Spread

- 3.16 Following the erection of Tree Protection Fencing as indicated in the Tree Protection, Removal and Replanting Plan JSL2658_702, no works shall conflict with the RPAs and/ or canopy spreads of trees to be retained. See section 5 for Tree Protection details.

Standard of Work

- 3.17 All tree removal works will be carried out in accordance with BS3998:2010³ Tree Work - Recommendations and latest arboricultural best practice. All tree work shall be carried out by suitably qualified, competent and insured arboricultural contractors.
- 3.18 All green and woody waste generated by the tree works shall be removed from site and disposed of in an environmentally sustainable manner.
- 3.19 Prior to the commencement of any tree works an appropriate risk assessment will be produced by the contractor (and made available) to describe the measures required to fulfil the statutory safety obligations. It will aim to identify and prioritise the necessary control measures and precautions
- 3.20 All mitigation tree planting shall be carried out in accordance with BS8545: 2014⁴.

³ British Standards Institute, (2010). British Standard (BS5998)-Tree work- Recommendations, ⁴British Standards Institute, (2014). British Standard (BS8545)- Trees: From nursery to independence in the landscape- Recommendations

Timing of Works

- 3.21 All tree works will be completed at a time appropriate to the required works and construction operations.
- 3.22 All works will be timed to have regard to the phenological cycles of protected species that are associated with trees; notably birds and bats.
- 3.23 Nesting birds are protected by law and any removal / tree works will not be carried out during the bird nesting season (generally accepted as March-August inclusive). Should any vegetation be identified for removal during this period, then an ecological inspection would be required to check that no nesting birds are present. Should checks reveal nesting birds the vegetation must remain until September or until an ecologist has certified that the fledglings have left the nest. Visual inspection for bats will also be carried out on mature / ivy clad trees prior to commencing any operations.

Totem sign installation

- 3.24 Removal of the existing flag sign and installation of the proposed totem sign is only to take place after the erection of Tree Protective Fencing and the establishment of a Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ) as indicated in the Tree Protection, Removal & Planting Plan JSL2658_702.
- 3.25 Where the sign excavation is to be back-filled with concrete this should be lined to avoid the leaching of detrimental materials into the soil around what has the potential to become rootable soil.
- 3.26 Replacement planting, where outside of the CEZ (i.e. the replacement of T8#) is only to take place after the removal of the existing flag sign and the installation of the proposed totem sign.

4 TREE PROTECTION

Tree Protection

- 4.1 The RPA roughly equates to the spread of a tree canopy. This area or an area equivalent to a radius 12 times the stem diameter of the tree at 1.5m above ground level, whichever is the greater (capped at 15m), will be designated as the RPA. Where any part of a trees crown extends passed the calculated RPA, the protective measures will be extended to protect the trees branched framework. Where possible it will be fenced-off with suitable barrier and protected in accordance with BS5837: 2012 (refer to Appendix 4).
- 4.2 The tree protection measures shall be inspected and monitored during the course of the construction works by the Arboricultural Consultant, to ensure its compliance with the Tree Protection and Removal Plan JSL2658_702. The Client shall ensure that at regular intervals the protective measures are inspected to ensure that they are not damaged or been removed (See Appendix 5 for example Arboricultural site register).
- 4.3 The Client or their nominated agent shall note areas which are not in accordance with the Tree Protection and Removal Plans and these areas shall be recorded (see Appendix 5 for example Arboricultural site register) and reinstated immediately. Records shall be sent to the local planning authority. Where any areas of protective fencing cannot be reinstated for reasons unknown, consultation with an arboriculturalist will be sought immediately. Any areas that require construction work within the RPA but outside of protective fencing will require a watching brief by the Arboricultural Consultant, including supervision in instances such as root pruning.

Tree Protection Fencing

- 4.4 Prior to the commencement of any site works the protective fencing is to be erected in accordance with the locations set out on the Tree Protection and Removal Plan JSL2658_702.
- 4.5 Once the protective fencing is in place it must remain *in situ* throughout the course of the development until the completion of all site works, other than the temporary setback indicated in the Tree Protection and Removal Plan JSL2658_702 to accommodate the removal of T8#. This is to be re- aligned to its original location immediately following tree removal.
- 4.6 Copies of the Tree Protection and Removal Plans shall be placed in the site office for reference by all site staff. The protective fencing barrier is to be constructed in accordance with the specification detailed in Appendix 4.
- 4.7 Signs detailing the purpose of the protective fencing shall be attached to the fencing at 10m intervals. Such signs must be weatherproof and shall be substantially in the form of the example illustrated in Appendix 6. Signs must be replaced as necessary should they be removed or become illegible.
- 4.8 Following erection of the protective fencing and prior to commencement of the development it is recommended that an inspection of the site, by either the Arboricultural Consultant or the LPA is arranged to confirm fencing has been installed in accordance with the Tree Protection and Removal Plans and any relevant conditions that may be attached to a grant of planning consent for the development.

4.9 **Construction Exclusion Zone**

- 4.10 The Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ) as defined by the protective fence line shall be regarded as sacrosanct, and the protective fencing shall not be moved or taken down at any time. Within the Construction Exclusion Zone there must be no mechanical digging or scraping, no alteration to existing ground levels including soil stripping, no earthworks, no handling or discharge of any chemical substance, concrete washings or of any fuels.
- 4.11 Furthermore vehicular or pedestrian access and the storage of any materials is prohibited within the Construction Exclusion Zone.
- 4.12 Prior to the erection of the Tree Protective Fencing and CEZ establishment during tree removal works, no heavy machinery such as chippers are to enter what will become the CEZ as indicated by the protective fence line in the Tree Protection, Removal and Planting Plan JSL2658_702.
- 4.13 Additionally no materials that may contaminate the soil such as concrete mixings, diesel oil and vehicle washings shall be discharged within 10m of the stem of any tree and no fires shall be lit within 10m of the maximum extent of a trees crown.

Site Compounds and Materials Stores

- 4.14 To prevent harm occurring to trees the provision for materials storage, site offices, deliveries and other related activities will be situated on an existing area of hardstanding outside the temporary tree protection area.

Monitoring

- 4.15 Following erection of the protective fencing and prior to commencement of the development an inspection of the site, by either the Arboricultural Consultant or local planning authority, will be arranged to confirm fencing has been installed in accordance with the Tree Protection and Removal Plans. Records shall be sent by the client or Arboricultural Consultant to the local planning authority.
- 4.16 Monitoring of tree protection measures will be carried out on site on a regular basis by the contract administrator to ensure tree protection is upheld at all times or reviewed if necessary in consultation with the Arboricultural Consultant. Records shall be sent by the client or Arboricultural Consultant to the local planning authority, see example record sheet in Appendix 5.

5 TREE PLANTING

- 5.1 The new trees are to be container grown, which are suitable to be planted all year round. It is recommended planting takes place after the development work is completed and Tree Protection Fencing is removed.
- 5.2 Following planting it is recommended the new trees are monitored on a regular basis by a suitably qualified arborist to ensure their ongoing health and vitality.

Tree Pits

- 5.3 New tree pits (see tree pit detail JSL2658_401, Appendix 3) are to be excavated either by hand or using pedestrian operated light plant not exceeding 2t. Any light plant is not to enter the raised area of soil. Care is to be taken to avoid the canopies of existing trees.
- 5.4 T8# is to be removed and replaced in the same pit.
- 5.5 The proposed locations for replacement planting of T7 and T9 are indicated in the Tree Planting, Protection and Removal Plan JSL2658_702. Prior to any excavation for these pits, a check for underground services is to be carried out by a suitably qualified person using a CAT scanner due to the unavailability of an underground services plan for this area.

- 5.6 Size as scheduled below:

Extra Heavy standard tree = 1200 x 1200 x 750mm deep

- 5.7 Tree Pit Aeration / Irrigation Pipe

- Type: PVC pipe, black, 60mm diameter x 2500mm maximum length with associated end cap.
- Insert during backfill around the rootball; one end shall be placed in the drainage layer and the top end shall be cut off at a height of not more than 25mm above finished ground level and capped.

- 5.8 Tree Pit Drainage

- Aggregate layer: Clean gravel or broken stone, with no fines, graded 40 to 20 mm. Depth: 150mm.

- 5.9 Tree Support

- Refer to Tree pit construction detail JSL2523_401 (Figure 2) for all tree pit construction and support details.

Extra Heavy Standard tree: Two vertical stakes with timber cross brace. See below.

- Staking: Untreated softwood stakes, 75mm dia, including 75mm dia half round cross brace. Drive stakes in opposite arrangement vertically at least 300 mm into bottom of pit on either side of tree position before planting. Consolidate material around stakes during backfilling.
- Cross brace to be positioned on windward side of tree.

- Height of stakes: Cut to approximately 800mm above ground level or 1/3 the height of the tree, whichever is the lowest.
- Tree ties: Buckled belt tree tie including rubber spacer.

6 ARBORICULTURAL CHECKLIST

<i>Ref</i>	<i>Work Activity</i>	<i>Schedule of Works</i>	<i>Refer</i>	<i>Recommendations</i>
01	Pre-start site meeting	Pre-start site meeting with LPA tree officer, site manager, client representative and arboriculture consultant to agree scope of any works, where required.		
02	Protect trees to be retained	Barriers shall be fit for the purpose of excluding construction activity, and should remain rigid and complete. Barriers are to be located in accordance with RPS Tree Protection Plans.	BS 5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction: Figure 2 & 3 RPS Tree Removal, Protection and Planting Plan JSL2658_702	Ongoing monitoring by appointed person
03	Protective fencing to be inspected by LPA (if required)	CA to give LPA at least 2 working days notice of the erection of the temporary protective fencing.		Appointed person to contact LPA prior to completion of fencing.
04	Removal of identified vegetation	CA to identify vegetation at pre-commencement meeting agree to establish the extent of any necessary tree works. Carry out inspection of ivy for presence of bats / nesting birds as appropriate; Vegetation identified for removal shall be removed with care in accordance with current H&S requirements and good arboricultural practice to avoid damage to adjacent trees / property; Temporary set-back of protective fencing around T8# to accommodate removal. This shall be re-aligned immediately following removal.	Arboricultural Association Standard Conditions Of Contract And Specifications For Tree Works (2008) Edition BS 3998:2010 Tree Work RPS Tree Removal, Protection and Planting Plan JSL2658_702	All tree work shall be carried out by a suitably tree qualified tree surgeon, preferably an Arboricultural Association approved contractor
05	Removal of arisings	Removal of all arisings off site unless instructed otherwise by the CA.	Arboricultural Association Standard Conditions Of Contract And Specifications For Tree Works (2008) Edition	Ongoing monitoring by appointed person

		Fires are NOT permitted on the site	BS 3998:2010 Tree Work	
06	Maintain the temporary protective fencing	CA to ensure the temporary protective fencing is maintained throughout the entire construction period and record any breach of the tree protection.	BS 5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction Fig:2 & 3 RPS Tree Removal, Protection and Planting Plan JSL2658_702	Appointed person responsible for arboricultural protection measures shall monitor fencing monthly , recording details
Tree Planting				
09	Mitigation Planting	Mitigation Planting is to take place following the completion of tree removal, construction works and the removal of tree protection fencing. CAT scan to be completed by suitably qualified person prior to excavation to check for underground services Tree pits are to be hand dug or excavated with light plant. No heavy machinery is to enter the planting area.	RPS Tree Removal, Protection and Planting Plan JSL2658_702 RPS Tree Pit Detail JSL2658_401	Tree planting to be undertaken by a suitably competent contractor.

APPENDIX 1

Tree Survey Schedule JSL2658_750

Table 1

Tree Survey information

N.B. Reference numbers are consistent with those used in TPO 40/13. T1 and T2 were not included in the survey.

**Tree that will be impacted most by proposed totem sign*

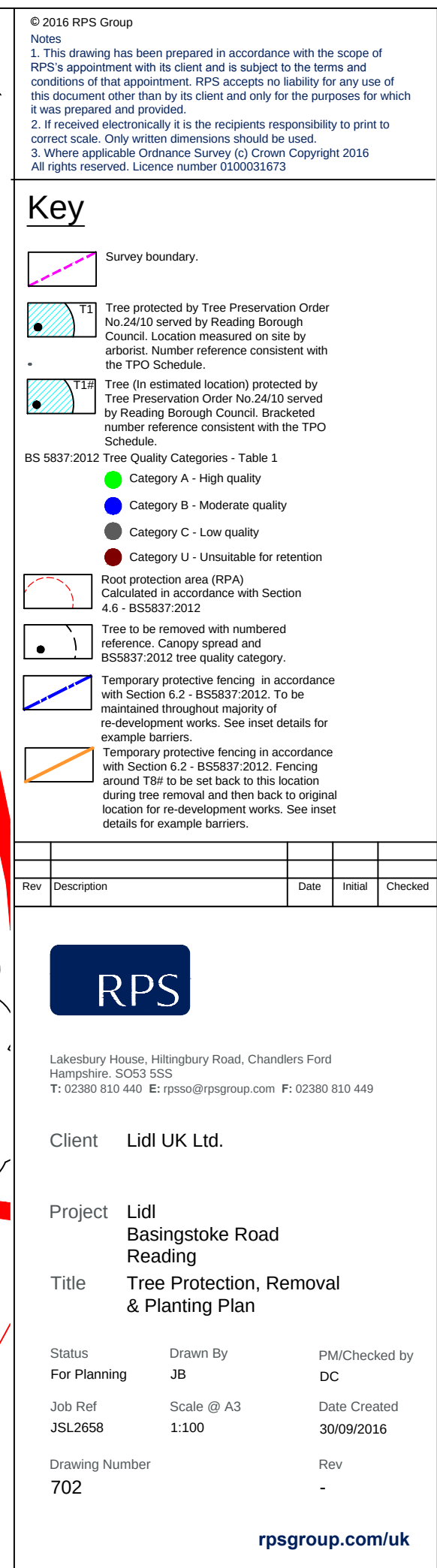
Ref. no.	Species	Height (m)	Crown spread (m)				Stem dia. (m)	Stem no. at 1.5m	Height of crown clearance (m)	Dir/ height	Age class	Structural Physiological condition	General observations	Estimated remaining contribution (years)	Tree Quality Category (BS5837)
			N	E	S	W									
T3#	<i>Quercus robur</i> English Oak	4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	0.1	1	1.5	-	Y	Good	In apparent good health. Full crown. Tree has potential.	40+	C2
T4#	<i>Parrotia persica</i> Persian ironwood	3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.11	1	1.5	-	Y	Fair	Scrappy and immature crown. Significant bark damage on stem, occluding.	15+	C2
T5#	<i>Quercus pallustris</i> pin oak	4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.11	1	1.5	-	Y	Fair	Minor dieback in places, but generally vigorous crown. Tree has potential.	15+	C2
T6#	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> rowan	3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.85	1	1.5	-	Y	Good	Planted tree in apparent good health. Vigorous crown and fair leader.	20+	C2

T7	<i>Quercus pallustris</i> pin oak	4	1.5	1	1.5	1	0.08	1	2	-	Y	Fair/ Poor	Extensive dieback throughout crown inconsistent with expectations for life stage and species. Tree is in decline, limited useful lifetime.	<10	C2
T8	<i>Betula utilis</i> var. <i>jacquemontii</i> West Himalayan Birch	2	-	-	-	-	0.05	1	2	-	D	Dead	Tree has died. No long term potential.	-	U
T9*	<i>Betula sp.</i> Birch species	2	1	1	1	1	0.03	1	1.5	-	Y	Fair/ Poor	Very young planted tree. Leader has broken. Little visual amenity.	15+	C2

APPENDIX 2

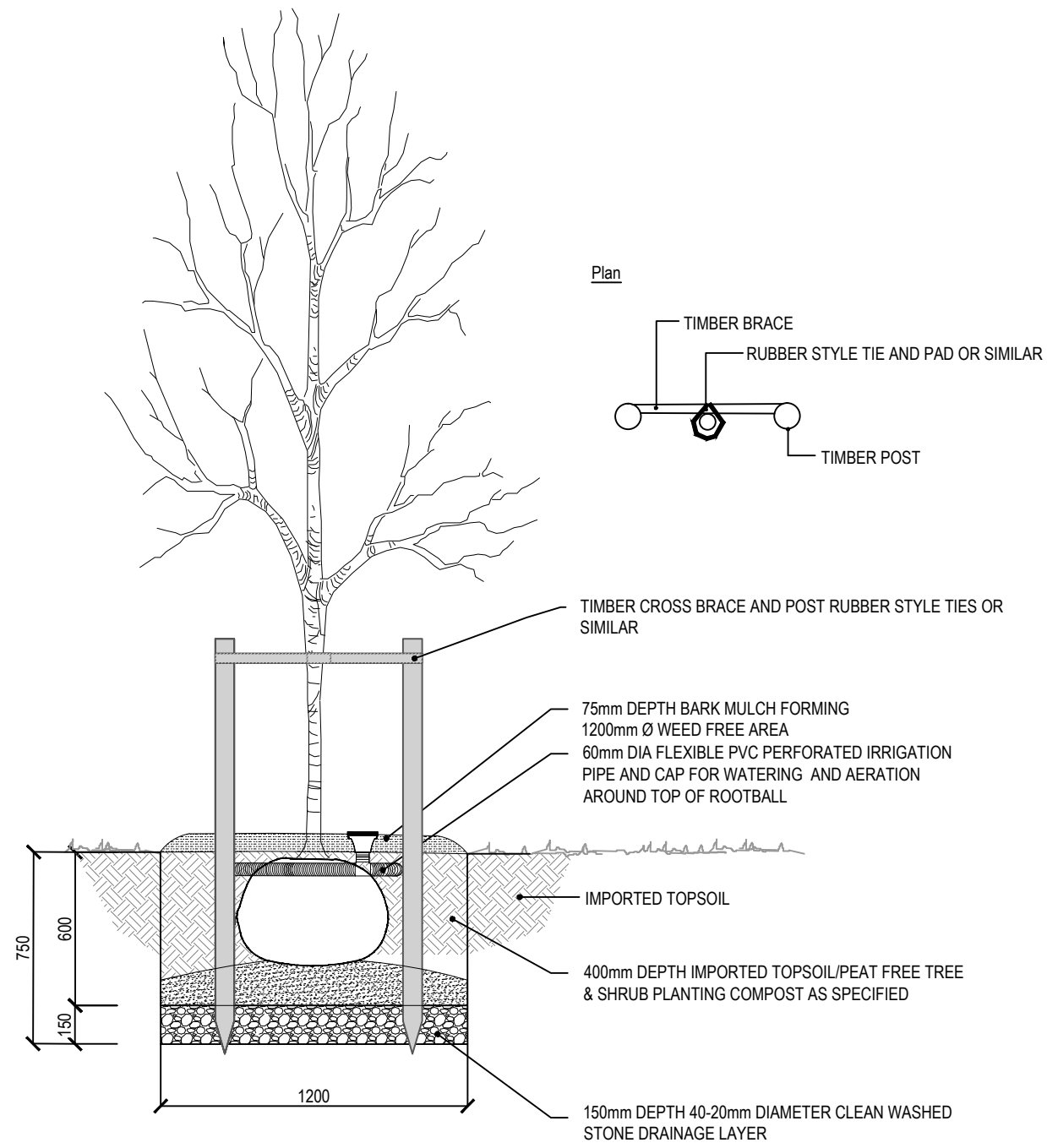
Tree Protection and Removal Plan JSL2658_702

- Refer to RPS Tree Survey Report & Schedule for further details.
- Survey based on a visual inspection from the ground and is not intended as a full arboricultural inspection.
- Plan produced in accordance with recommendations set out in BS 5837:2012 - 'Trees in Relation to design, demolition and construction'.
- Due to the legal protection afforded to breeding birds vegetation removal should not take place during the bird nesting period; generally, although not restricted to, March - August inclusive.
- T7 and T9 were located by on site measurements by the arboriculturalist and not by digital topographical survey.
- All other trees are in estimated locations denoted by a '#'.
• Pedestrian/vehicular emergency access routes to be maintained at all times.
- All protective fencing to be completed and approved by LPA / CA prior to commencement of any site works.
- All works to conform with requirements of:
 - BS 3998:2010 - Tree Works
 - BS 5837:2012 - Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction.



APPENDIX 3

Tree Pit Construction Detail JSL2658_401



Extra Heavy Standard, 14-16cm girth

- 1.no *Betula utilis jaquemontii* 'Doorenbos', 425-600cm ht, container grown
- 2.no *Acer campestre* 'Streetwise', 400-450cm ht, container grown

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Client Lidl UK GmbH

Project LIDL
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Reading

Title Tree Pit Detail

Status	Drawn By	PM/Checked by
For Planning	JB	DC
Job Ref	Scale @ A3	Date Created
JSL25658	1:25	04/10/2016
Drawing Number		Rev
401		-

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APPENDIX 4

Example Tree Protection Barriers (BS5837:2012 Fig 2 & 3)

Figure 2 Default specification for protective barrier

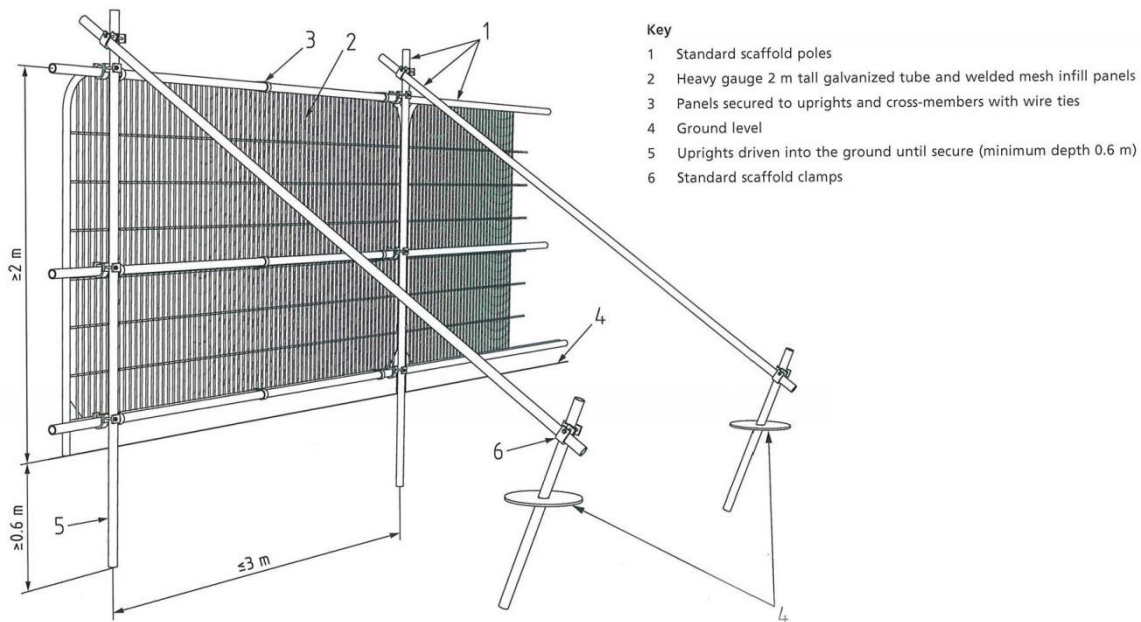
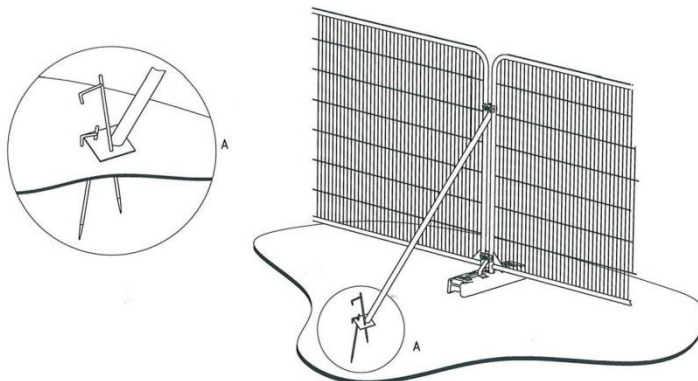
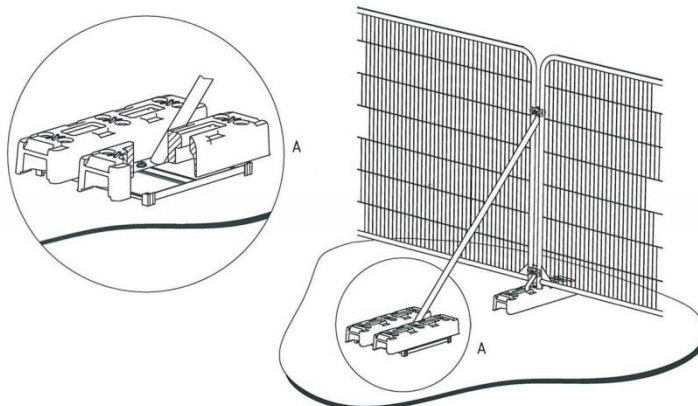


Figure 3 Examples of above-ground stabilizing systems



a) Stabilizer strut with base plate secured with ground pins



b) Stabilizer strut mounted on block tray

APPENDIX 5

Arboricultural site register

(Example template only)

ARBORICULTURAL SITE REPORT

PROJECT: <i>XXX, XX Street, XXX Town</i>	SITE CONTACT: <i>Mr XXX</i>	REPORT NO: <i>001</i>
INSPECTION COMPLETED BY: <i>Mr XXX</i>	DATE AND TIME: <i>XXX</i>	SHEET: <i>X OF X</i>

ITEM	LOCATION	NOTES / RECOMMENDATIONS	ACTION
1	<i>E.g. Adjacent to T999, north of building</i>	<i>E.g. Damaged fence, materials spilled into RPA, further inspection requirements, damage to tree</i>	<i>E.g. Reinstate fencing, make good levels with topsoil</i>
2			
3			

CIRCULATION:
Mr XXX
Mr XXX

APPENDIX 6

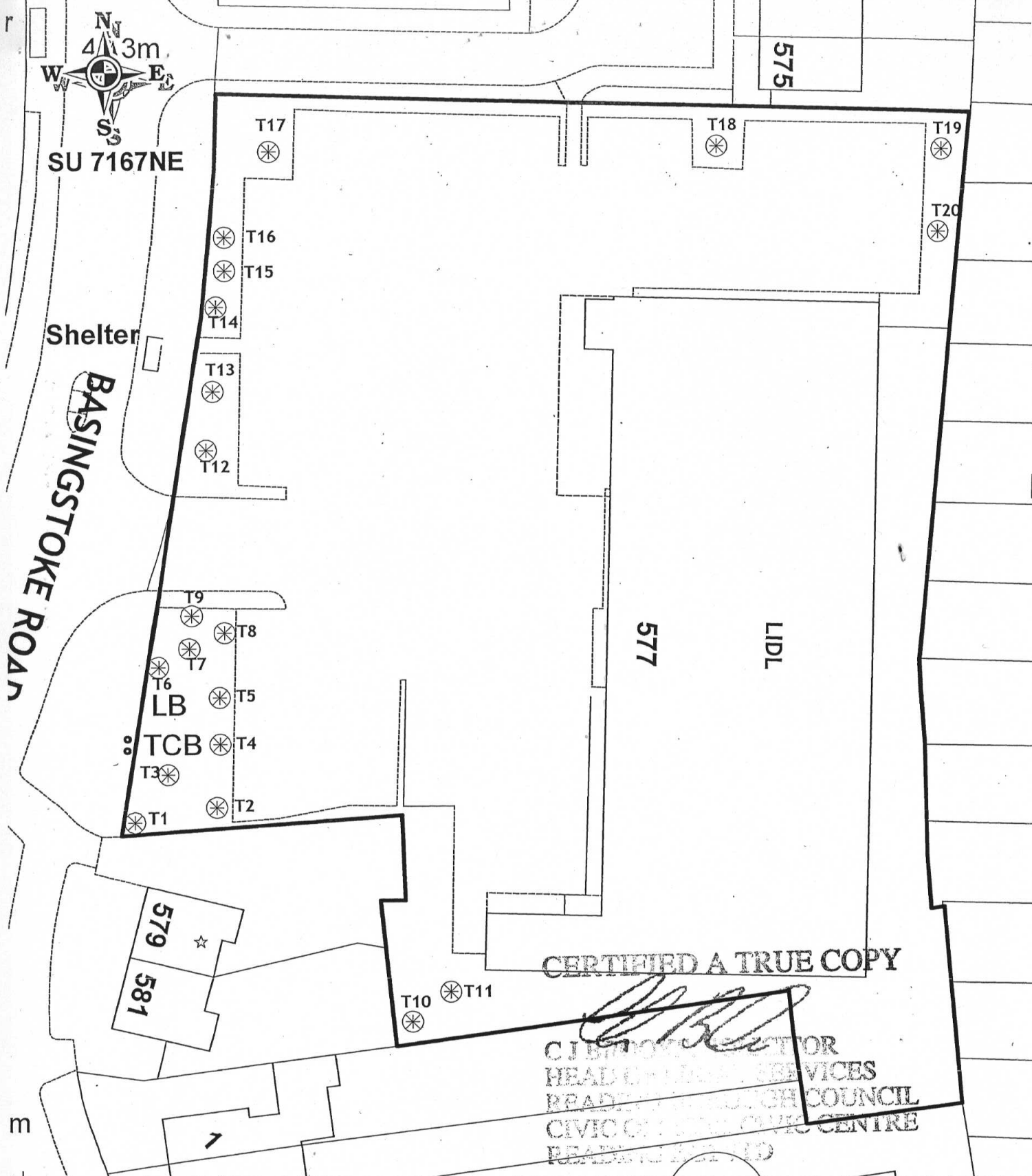
Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ) Signage



APPENDIX 7

Reading Borough Council tree Preservation Order 24/10 Plan

NB: Tree locations on plan are indicative only and are not consistent with onsite measurements. See Tree Protection, Removal and Planting Plan JSL2658_771 for tree locations made using onsite measurements.



- | | |
|---|--|
| T1, T8, T9, T11 - <i>Betula</i> spp (Birch) | T6, T13, T15, T16, T18 - <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> (Rowan) |
| T2, T14 - <i>Sorbus aria</i> (Whitebeam) | T4 - <i>Parrotia persica</i> (Persian ironwood) |
| T3 - <i>Quercus robur</i> (Common Oak) | T10 - <i>Fraxinus</i> spp (Ash) |
| T5, T7, T12, T17, T19, T20 - <i>Quercus palustris</i> (Pin Oak) | |

TITLE Tree Preservation Order - Lidl, Basingstoke Road, Reading

DRG NO E2764

DATE Aug 2010

DRAWN BY SH

SCALE 1:500

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Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL
PLANNING SUPPORT TEAM

APPENDIX 8

Tree Works Schedule

Tree #	Species	Structural Condition (BS Category)	Description of Works
T7	Pin Oak	Fair (C2)	Fell and remove root ball
T8#	Birch	Dead (U)	Fell and remove root ball
T9	Birch	Fair (C2)	Fell and remove root ball