Reading BOROUGH COUNCIL

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
PLANNING AND COMPENSATION ACT 1991
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURE ORDER 1995)

APPLICATION FOR OUTLINE PLANNING PERMISSION

To: c/o Nick Evans Architects
Unit 21H Perseverance Works
38 Kingsland Road
London
E2 8DD

Application No: 01/01109/OUT/AD

Applicant: Reading College And School Of Art And Design

READING BOROUGH COUNCIL as local planning authority GRANT OUTLINE planning permission for the following development:

Proposal: Construction of 1,2,3 and 4 storey residential accommodation comprising 74 apartments, 18 semi-detached houses (including 10 affordable) and 1 detached affordable dwelling, 90 bed student residential block (plus warden unit), and a mosque.

At: Reading College Green Road Reading

Subject to such conditions and for such reasons as may be attached

OTHER STATUTORY CONSENTS MAY BE REQUIRED
PLEASE READ THE NOTES ISSUED WITH THIS DECISION NOTICE

Date:

David Gwoffry

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within three months of receipt of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, 3/26 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted, otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequacy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall be construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work) –

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

Details of the sites in Berkshire and advice on suitability of wastes involved and procedures necessary can be obtained from:

Environment Agency, Isis House, Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxon, OX10 8BD Tel: 01491 832801

There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

BUILDING REGULATIONS

This planning permission does not give approval under the Building Regulations. Before any works are commenced you should check with the Building Control Section of the Planning Department whether any approval is required under the Building Regulations.

Reading BOROUGH COUNCIL

Application At: Reading College Green Road Reading

Application No: 01/01109/OUT

CONDITIONS & REASONS

1. Application for approval of the reserved matters shall be made to the local planning authority before the expiration of three years from the date of this outline permission. Reason: to prevent an accumulation of unimplemented planning permissions and in accordance with the provisions of Section 91(2) of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990.

2. The development to which this permission relates must be started either before:-
a) the expiration of five years from the date of granting this outline permission; or
b) the expiration of two years from the date of approval of the last reserved matter, whichever is the later.
The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans. Reason: to prevent an accumulation of umimplemented planning permissions and in accordance with the provisions of Section 91(2) of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990.

3. Before any development commences, plans and particulars of all reserved matters not particularised in this outline application; namely detailed plans and drawing showing the design and external appearance, and the landscaping of the site, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority and shall be carried out as approved. Reason: to ensure a satisfactory form of development and in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of the Town & Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 1995.

4. No development shall take place relating to each of the three components of the approved scheme (ie student accommodation, residential flats and the mosque) until details of cycle storage facilities in each case have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The cycle storage facilites for each component of the development shall be constructed in accordance with the approved details before first occupation of that particular component of the scheme and retained thereafter for cycle storage only. Reason: in the interests of the visual appearance of the site and area and to ensure that the cycle storage facilities are retained for this purpose in accordance with policies HSG5, CUD14 and TRN5 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

5. Prior to the commencement of the construction of the flats, student accommodation and houses, details of the pathways in the playing fields to a specification to accommodate pedestrians and cyclists (including levels to demonstrate accessibility by wheelchair users) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Reason: in the interests of providing improved pedestrian/cycle links to encourage walking and cycling in accordance with policies TRN4 and TRN6 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

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(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

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(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

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SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

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(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

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of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

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(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

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HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

Details of the sites in Berkshire and advice on suitability of wastes involved and procedures necessary can be obtained from:

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There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

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Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL

6. The pathway shown on the approved plans linking Green Road to the playing fields, together with the pedestrian access from the path to the playing field pathway (details to be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to commencement of development of the flats, student accommodation and houses), shall be implemented prior to first occupation of the flats, student accommodation and houses. Reason: in the interests of providing a pedestrian link to the proposed footpaths in the playing fields to encourage walking and cycling in accordance with policies TRN4 and TRN6 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

7. No development shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority a scheme for the parking of personnel vehicles and plant and storage of materials during the construction period; thereafter during that period personnel vehicles, plant and materials shall be parked and stored in the approved facilities. Reason: as the development, without this facility, would be likely to lead to storage of plant and materials on the public highway causing a hazard and inconvenience to other road/pavement users.

8. Before any development is commenced details of facilities to be provided to prevent the deposition of mud and other matter derived from the development on to the public highway shall be submitted for written approval to the local planning authority. The approved facilities shall thereafter be maintained and used whenever operations likely to cause the disposition of mud etc are carried out. Reason: in the interests of protecting the appearance of the area and road safety.

9. This permission relates only to the application as changed by drawings 20271/SK20 rev.E and 20271/SK03 H which were received by the local planning authority on 7th January 2002; and drawings 1499-2E and 1499-1D received by the local planning authority on 20th December 2001. Reason: as some plans were changed and to clarify which plans are approved.

10. Before the development is commenced details showing how all entrances to the buildings can be made fully accessible to all disabled persons, together with details of lifts in the flats, student accommodation and, unless proved to be unnecessary, the mosque, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Before any of the respective elements of the development (flats, student accommodation, mosque, houses) are occupied or used it shall be completed in accordance with the approved details. Reason: in the interests of the amenities of future occupants and visitors and in accordance with the Council's policies and practice in respect of access for disabled persons in accordance with policies KEY1, HSG5, HSG10 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

11. Before the development is commenced a detailed site investigation shall be carried out to establish if the site is contaminated, to assess the degree and nature of the contamination present, and to determine its potential for the pollution of the water environment. The method and extent of this site investigation shall be agreed with the

David Gworthy

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NOTES

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Planning Authority prior to commencement of the work. Details of appropriate measures to prevent pollution of groundwater and surface water, including provisions for monitoring, shall then be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before development commences. The development shall then proceed in strict accordance with the measures approved. Reason: to prevent pollution of the water environment in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998)..

12. Surface water source control measures shall be carried out in accordance with details which shall have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority before development commences. Reason: to prevent the increased risk of flooding and to improve water quality in accordance with policies NE8 and NE10 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

13. Pursuant to the above condition requiring the approval of the landscaping for the site as a Reserved Matter, and before the commencement of any development, plans and schedules shall be submitted with details of both hard and soft landscaping. The submitted etails shall include any pedestrian and vehicle circulation areas, surfacing, materials, structures and ancillary objects (refuse bins, lighting columns etc). For schemes involving soft landscaping the submitted details should include schedules of plants giving the species, plant sizes, proposed numbers/densities and an implementation and maintainance programme. Other details shall include the provision where appropriate of fencing, walling and other means of enclosure and screening, the formation of banks, terraces or other earthworks. Following approval by the local planning authority the hard and soft landscaping works shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details before any of the development is occupied and all planting, seeding or turfing comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out in the first planting season following the occupation of the buildings or the completion of the development, whichever is the sooner. Reason: in the interests of ensuring that the redevelopment of this site enhances the visual local environment in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

14. The plans and particulars submitted in accordance with the above condition (requiring details of landscaping) shall include:

a) A plan showing the location of, with a reference number, each existing tree on the site which has a stem with a diameter exceeding 75mm measured over the bark at a point 1.5 metres above ground level and showing trees to be retained (as indicated on the approved plans) and the crown spread of each retained tree;

b) details of the species, diameter (measured as above) and the approximate height, and an assessment of the general state of health and stability of each retained tree and of each tree which is on land adjacent to the site and to which paragraphs c & d below apply;

c) details of any proposed topping or lopping of any retained tree, or of any tree on land adjacent to the site;

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

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76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work) –

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

Details of the sites in Berkshire and advice on suitability of wastes involved and procedures necessary can be obtained from:

Environment Agency, Isis House, Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxon, OX10 8BD Tel: 01491 832801

There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

BUILDING REGULATIONS

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Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL

d) details of any proposed alterations in existing ground levels, and of the position of any proposed excavation either within the crown spread (or in the case of fastigiate, columnar or upright trees, at no less a distance from the trunk than the equivalent of half the height of the tree) of any retained tree or of any tree adjacent to the site;
e) details of the specification and position of fencing or any other measures to be taken for the protection of any retained tree (to BS5837:1991) from damage before or during the course of development.

In this condition "retained tree" means an existing tree which is to be retained in accordance with the plan referred to in paragraph (a) above. Reason: to ensure that existing trees are accurately recorded and included in any landscaping proposal and that trees to be retained are protected in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

15. Such tree protection as required by the above condition shall be erected around all retained trees at a distance of no less than 1 metre outside the outermost spread of any round or spreading tree, or, in the case of fastigiate, columnar or upright trees, at no less a distance from the trunk of the tree as is the equivalent of 2/3 the height of the trees before any equipment, machinery, or materials are brought onto the site for the purposes of development, including demolition, and before any other works are started. Reason: to ensure that proper protection is given to important trees on the site in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

16. Such protection as required by the above condition shall be retained throughout the entire period of construction and until all equipment, machinery and surplus materials have been removed from the site. No materials, soil, rubbish or vehicles shall be deposited or stored on the land so enclosed nor against the fencing. No fires shall be lit, and no raising or lowering of ground levels shall take place under the canopy of the retained trees or within the area protected by the fencing. No drains, pits, ditches or trenches shall be dug in or run across the area protected by the fencing, at any time before, during and after the development of the site, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority. Reason: to ensure that proper protection is given to important trees on the site in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

17. If within a period of three years from the date of the planting of any tree or shrub, or any tree or shrub planted in replacement of it, is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies or becomes in any other way defective in the opinion of the local planning authority, another tree or shrub of the same species and size of that originally planted shall be planted at the same place, unless the local planning authority gives its written consent to any variation. Reason: to ensure that any trees or shrubs planted as part of the landscaping scheme are replaced in accordance with that scheme in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

18. Notwithstanding the details on the approved plans, no development shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within three months of receipt of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, 3/26 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted, otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequacy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall be construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

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(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work) –

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

Details of the sites in Berkshire and advice on suitability of wastes involved and procedures necessary can be obtained from:

Environment Agency, Isis House, Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxon, OX10 8BD Tel: 01491 832801

There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

BUILDING REGULATIONS

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authority a plan indicating the positions, design (including community art proposals), materials and type of boundary treatment to be erected on the site. The boundary treatment shall be completed, in accordance with the approved plan, before the development is occupied or in accordance with a timetable to be agreed in writing with the local planning authority and shall thereafter be maintained as shown on the approved plan. Reason: in order to protect the privacy of adjoining and future occupiers and enhance the appearance of the development in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

19. In connection with the implementation of this permission the demolition and construction works shall not take place outside the hours of 8am to 6pm Mondays to Fridays or 8am to 1pm on Saturdays. Works shall not take place at all on Sundays or Bank Holidays without the prior written approval of the local planning authority. Reason: to protect local residents from unreasonable disturbances from works connected with implementing this permission.

20. Prior to the commencement of development, a construction traffic statement shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. All construction traffic shall be operated in accordance with approved statement. Reason: in the interests of road safety and the amenities of surrounding residents.

21. Prior to commencement of development, details of all external lighting shall be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The lighting provision shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details. Reason in the interests of the visual appearance of the site and the amenities of surrounding residents in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

22. No development shall take place relating to the flats or student accommodation until details of measures to reduce vehicle speeds to 20mph on the internal roads have been submitted and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The measures shall be fully implemented in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation of any of the flats or student accommodation. Reason: in the interests of road and pedestrian safety in accordance with policy HSG5 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

23. None of the parking spaces associated with the flats (other than disabled parking) shall be assigned or allocated to individual flats or courtyard clusters. Reason: in the interests of maximising the use of on-site parking the interests of road safety and the amenities of surounding residents in accordance with policies HSG5 and HSG9 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

24. The vehicular access to the site (including access to the car parking areas) shall be constructed to base course level and made available for use in accordance with the approved plans and details before any other development is commenced. This

David Gworkey

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

(1) If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the local planning authority to refuse permission or approval for the proposed development, or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 within three months of receipt of this notice. Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from the Planning Inspectorate, 3/26 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN. The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but he will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission for the proposed development could not have been granted by the local planning authority, or could not have been so granted, otherwise than subject to the conditions imposed by them, having regard to the statutory requirements (a), to the provisions of the development order, and to any directions given under the order. He does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction given by him.

(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequacy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall be construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work) –

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

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There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

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Reading BOROUGH COUNCIL

vehicular access shall be completed with the finished surface prior to first occupation/use of any development. Reason: in the interests of road safety.

25. The areas identified on the approved drawings for the parking of vehicles for the respective components of the development (flats, student accommodation, mosque and houses) shall be constructed and marked out prior to first occupation or use of the respective components and kept available or used for vehicle parking at all times. No development, whether or not permitted by the Town & Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (or any order revoking or re-enacting that Order with or without modification) shall be carried out on such areas or in such a position as to restrict vehicular access to those reserved parking areas. Reason: as the development, without the provision of off-street parking facilities, would be likely to lead to vehicles being parked on the public highway to the detriment of road safety in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and TRN16 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

26. A management plan for the upkeep of any private roads and the landscaping on the site, including long term objectives, management responsibilities and maintainance schedules for all landscape areas and private roads, other than small, privately owned, domestic gardens, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to the occupation of the development or in accordance with a timetable to be agreed in writing with the local planning authority. Reason: to ensure the long term management and maintainance of communal landscaped areas and private roads on the site in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

27. There shall be a minimum of three of the flats which are capable, without further structural alteration, of adaption to wheelchair housing. Reason: in the interests of providing suitable accommodation for persons reliant on wheelchairs in accordance with the Council's policies and practice in respect of access for disabled persons in accordance with policies HSG5 and HSG10 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

28. The garage(s), hereby permitted in relation to the houses, shall be used solely for the garaging of private motor vehicles, and no development, whether or not, permitted by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995, shall be carried out in such a position as to restrict access to the garage(s). Reason: to enable the local planning authority to control the use of such garages in the interests of amenity and road safety in accordance with policies HSG5 and HSG9 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

29. The height of the mosque, excluding the proposed minaret (the height of which is not approved as part of this outline application), shall not exceed that shown on section drawing 20271/SK09 rev.A. Reason: in the interests of the visual amenities of the area in accordance with policy CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

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(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

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SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

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(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

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of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

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HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

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There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

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Reading
BOROUGH COUNCIL

30. In relation to the mosque development, there shall be no external public address system. Reason: in the interests of the residential amenities of surrounding residents in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

31. In relation to the mosque element of the scheme, no development of the mosque site shall commence until details of sound attenuation measures have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The sound attenuation measures shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details and maintained as such thereafter. Reason: in the interests of the amenites of surrounding residents in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

32. The flat and shop proposed for the mosque shall remain ancillary to the mosque and shall not be used or let as independent units. Reason: in the interests of residential amenity and in the interests of protecting the vitality and viability of nearby local shopping centres respectively in accordance with policies HSG4 and RET1 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

33. The total number of bedrooms relating to the flats element of the scheme shall not exceed 181. Reason: as this is the number demonstrated on indicative plans and to ensure that the detailed scheme does not result in a development which over-dominates the site and the surrounding area, in the interests of visual amenity of the area in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and NE4 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

34. In relation to the housing plot in the south-east corner of the site, a bat survey shall be undertaken the results of which, including any mitigating measures, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to the proposed felling of the sycamore tree on this part of the site. Any mitigating measures that are approved as a result of the survey shall be implemented prior to the felling of the sycamore tree. Reason: to ensure the protection of bats in accordance with policy NE6 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

35. There shall be no construction traffic, including sub-contractor traffic, arriving at the site before 8am. Reason: in the interests of protecting the residential amenity of the area.

36. Prior to the commencement of any of the respective elements of the scheme (ie. mosque, flats, student accommodation, houses) a full demolition and construction method statement, to include details of hours of working and times and method of delivery and removal of materials to/from the site, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The demolition and construction on the site shall be implemented in accordance with the approved statements. Reason: in the interests of the amenities of surrounding residents.

37. No development shall take place until amended plans showing adequate provision for service vehicles to turn at the vehicle access points to flat blocks 1 and 3 on the

David Gworkey

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DB

NOTES

APPEALS

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(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

(3) Section 16(7) and (8) and section 36(2) to (6) of the Building Act 1984 (notice of rejection or passing of plans and enforcement of requirements) shall apply as if this section were a section of the said Act 1984.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

(5) In this section references to the adequacy or inadequacy of means of access for the fire brigade shall be construed as references to a means of access adequate or, as the case may be, inadequate for use for fire-fighting purposes by members of one or more fire brigades and their appliances.

SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

76-(1) This section applies when planning permission is granted for any development which will result in the provision –

(a) of a building or premises to which section 4 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 applies (buildings or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise);

(b) of any of the following (being in each case, premises in which persons are employed to work) –

(i) office premises, shop premises and railway premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 applies;

(ii) premises which are deemed to be such premises for the purposes of that Act; or

(iii) factories as defined by section 175 of the Factories Act 1961;

(c) of a building intended for the purposes of a university college or college, or of a school or hall of a university;

(d) of a building intended for the purposes of an institution within the PCFC funding sector; or

of a building intended for the purposes of a school or an institution which provides higher education or further education (or both) and is maintained or assisted by a local education authority.

(2) The local planning authority granting the planning permission shall draw the attention of the person to whom the permission is granted –

(a) in the case of such a building or premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(a)

(i) to sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970; and

(ii) to the Code of Practice for Access of the Disabled to Buildings (British Standards Institution code of practice BS 5810: 1979) or any prescribed document replacing that code;

(b) in the case of such premises as are mentioned in subsection (1)(b), to sections 7 and 8A of that Act and to that code or any such prescribed document replacing it;

(c) in the case of such a building as is mentioned in subsection (1)(c), (d) or (e), to sections 7 and 8 of that Act and to Design Note 18 "Access for Disabled People to Educational Buildings" published in 1984 on behalf of the Secretary of State, or any prescribed document replacing that note.

(3) Expressions used in subsection (1)(d) and (e) and in the Education Act 1944 have the same meanings as in that Act.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

Details of the sites in Berkshire and advice on suitability of wastes involved and procedures necessary can be obtained from:

Environment Agency, Isis House, Howbery Park, Wallingford, Oxon, OX10 8BD Tel: 01491 832801

There may also be occasions when hazardous substances such as gas from former landfill sites could be a problem. The County Surveyor's Waste Management Group have agreed to list and map all such sites and copies will be available from the above address.

BUILDING REGULATIONS

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approved plans have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Reason: as the access points referred to require adjusting to allow for service vehicles to turn in the interests of highway and pedestrian safety in accordance with policies HSG5 and HSG9 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

38. No development shall take place until samples of the materials to be used in the construction of the external surfaces of this development have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details. Reason: as no details have been submitted and in the interests of the visual appearance of the buildings and the area in accordance with policies HSG5 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

39. Before any development is commenced details of the method of disposal of foul sewage and surface water shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The sewerage and surface water drainage works shall be completed in accordance with the approved scheme before the development, hereby permitted, is occupied. Reason: to ensure adequate measures are taken to deal with all drainage on the site in the interests of pollution prevention in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

40. Surface water from the car parking area should be passed through a suitable type of oil/grit interceptor that provides at least six minutes retention to the maximum flow prior to any discharge. Details of such provision shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority prior to the commencement of the development and implemented prior to the first occupation or use of the development. Reason: to ensure that proper pollution control measures are taken in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

41. Details of site levels, including a detailed survey to a scale of not less than 1:1250, showing contours of one metre intervals, related to Newlyn Datum and large scale sections, where appropriate, illustrating all principal physical features of the site, shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority, before any development is commenced. These details shall clearly distinguish between existing and proposed levels and physical features and shall indicate the position of proposed roads and buildings. Reason: to enable the local planning authority to properly assess the impact of the proposed development on the natural features of the site in accordance with policies HSG5, HSG9 and CUD14 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

42. No materials produced as a result of the site development or clearance shall be burnt on site. All reasonable steps, including damping down site roads, shall be taken to minimise dust and litter emissions from the site whilst works of construction and demolition are in progress. Reason: in the interests of protecting nearby occupants from unnecessary pollution caused by the development in accordance with policy NE8 of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998)...

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport

NOTES

APPEALS

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(2) If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted he may serve on the Common Council, or on the Council of the district in which the land is situated, as the case may be, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(3) In certain circumstances, a claim may be made against the local planning authority for compensation, where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in section 114 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(a) The statutory requirements are those set out in section 79(6) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, namely sections 70 and 72(1) of the Act.

BERKSHIRE ACT 1986 – Section 32

(1) Except as provided in subsection (a) below, where plans for the erection or extension of a building are deposited with a district council in accordance with building regulations, the district council shall reject the plans unless, after consultation with the fire authority, they are satisfied that the plans show –

(a) that there will be adequate means of access for the fire brigade to the building or, as the case may be, to the building as extended; and

(b) that the building or, as the case may be, the extension of the building will not render inadequate existing means of access for the fire brigade to a neighbouring building.

(2) No requirement concerning means of access to a building or to a neighbouring building shall be made under this section in the case of a building to be erected or extended in pursuance of a planning permission granted upon an application made under the Act of 1990, unless notice of the provisions of this section is endorsed on or accompanies the planning permission.

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(4) Any person aggrieved by the action of the district council in rejecting plans under this section, may appeal to a magistrates' court.

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SECTION 76 TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

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HAZARDOUS WASTE AND MATERIALS

Your attention is drawn to the possibility that development of land or redevelopment of properties will give rise to hazardous material probably in the form of contaminated soil or building construction waste (e.g. asbestos lagging around pipework) needing disposal.

Under the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and regulations made thereunder it is an offence if such material is not deposited in appropriate sites licensed by the County Council acting in their capacity as Waste Disposal Authorities and additional procedures may have to be followed.

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Reading BOROUGH COUNCIL

43. No development shall take place within the site until the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological work in accordance with a written scheme of investigation which has been submitted by the applicant and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Reason: to ensure that such archaeological material and evidence of significance should be examined during this development and in the interests of protecting the archaeological heritage of the district in accordance with PPG16 (Archaeology and Planning).

INFORMATIVES

1. INFORMATIVE - S106 AGREEMENT

A section 106 Agreement relates to this site which includes: Off-site highway and traffic management works, a supplemental College Travel Plan, a Mosque Travel Plan, a requirement for financial contribution towards local education infrastructure, on-site affordable housing, access to footpaths in adjacent playing fields and to the path through the site linking Green Road to the fields. A full copy of the S106 Legal Agreement is available on the Public Register of Planning Applications held at Reading Borough Council.

2. The proposal is considered to comply with Policies COM3 (Alfred Sutton School Site), COM4 (Surplus Educational Land and Property), LEI4 (Neighbourhood Recreation Areas), NE4 (Major Landscape Features), NE6 (Protecting Wildlife Habitats and Natural Features on or Adjoining Development Sites), NE8 (Environmental Pollution), NE10 (Surface Water Run-Off and Development), CUD14 (Standards of Design in Develoment), HSG2 (Affordable Housing), HSG5 (Residential Design Standards), HSG9 (Location of Residential Development), HSG2 (Affordable Housing), HSG10 (Housing Provision for People with Disabilities), HSG4 (Non-Residential Uses in Residential Areas), TRN4 (Cycle Routes), TRN5 (Cycle Parking), TRN6 (Pedestrians), TRN11B (Development and Traffic), TRN12 (Car Parking), TRN15 (Parking for People with Disabilities), TRN16 (On-Street Parking), KEY1 (Equality of Access to Development), KEY2B (Conservation of Built Environment and Assets) and RET1 (Development Outside Existing Shopping Centres) of the Reading Borough Local Plan (1998).

David Gworthy

Date:

Head of Planning and Transport DG

NOTES

APPEALS

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