

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990: SECTIONS 191 and 192 (as amended by section 10 of the Planning and Compensation Act 1991)

THE TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015: ARTICLE 39

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS FOR A PROPOSED USE OR DEVELOPMENT

To: Rammurti Design Limited
268 Tilehurst Road
Reading
RG30 2NE

Application No: 172331
Application type: Certificate of Lawfulness -
Proposed Use or Development

Applicant: Mrs Parvinder Daudharia

The Reading Borough Council hereby certify that on **10/01/2018** the use/operations/matter described in the First Schedule to this certificate in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule to this certificate, and edged black on the attached plan would have been lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), for the following reason(s):

First Schedule: Single storey side extension

Second Schedule: 28 St Peters Road Reading RG6 1PA

Date: 28 March 2018



Head of Planning, Development
& Regulatory Services

CONDITIONS & REASONS

1. The proposal has been assessed against the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) and Class A, Part 1, Schedule 2 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015. It can be confirmed that the proposed development would be lawful for planning purposes on the basis of the drawings received on 29/12/17:

Drawing No: StP:003 - Existing and Proposed Floor Plans

Drawing No: StP:005 - Proposed Elevations

Drawing No: StP:001 - Block Plan (received 10/01/18)

Sufficient evidence has been provided to demonstrate that a Certificate of Lawfulness should be granted for the proposed single storey side extension. Therefore the Local Planning Authority can issue the applicant with a Certificate of Lawfulness for the proposed development.

INFORMATIVES

1. Your attention is drawn to the requirement for submission of a Building Regulations application for the proposed development. Please contact Building Control on 0118 937 2449 for advice.

2. During the course of construction, the developer should take care to ensure that no part of this development (foundations, eaves, guttering, etc.) would encroach on, under or across the boundary line with the adjoining property, as the requisite Notice has not been served on the owner of that property. This permission does not confer any right of access onto land that is not under the developer's control. The developer should also be mindful of the obligations and requirements of the Party Wall Act (1996) details of which can be found at:

www.communities.gov.uk/publications/planningandbuilding/partywall

3. Complaints are commonly received about noise and dust caused by construction and demolition works, particularly working outside reasonable hours and smoke from bonfires associated with the burning of waste on site. The developer is reminded that construction and demolition associated with the approved development will be subject to environmental health law.

Date: 28 March 2018



Head of Planning, Development
& Regulatory Services

Notes

1. This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
2. It certifies that the use/operations/matter specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule would have been lawful, on the specified date and, thus, would not have been liable to enforcement action under section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.
3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the use/operations/matter described in the First Schedule and to the land specified in the Second Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any use/operations/matter which is/are materially different from that/those described or which relate/s to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.
4. The effect of the certificate is also qualified by the proviso in section 192(4) of the 1990 Act, as amended, which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change, before the use is instituted or the operations begun, in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.
5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Council, you may appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 195 of the Town and Country planning Act 1990.

Further information can be viewed at:

<http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/permission/responsibilities/planningpermission/ldc>

