

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990: SECTIONS 191 and 192 (as amended by section 10 of the Planning and Compensation Act 1991)

THE TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015: ARTICLE 39

CERTIFICATE OF LAWFULNESS FOR A PROPOSED USE OR DEVELOPMENT

To: Mr Nischal Tiwari
6 Abingdon Drive
Reading
RG4 6RU

Application No: 200707
Application type: Certificate of Lawfulness -
Proposed Use or Development

Applicant: Mr Nischal Tiwari

The Reading Borough Council hereby certify that on **01/07/2020** the use/operations/matter described in the First Schedule to this certificate in respect of the land specified in the Second Schedule to this certificate, and edged black on the attached plan would have been lawful within the meaning of Section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), for the following reason(s):

First Schedule: Certificate of Lawfulness for proposed replacement of existing fence with 1.8m high fence.

Second Schedule: 6 Abingdon Drive Caversham Reading RG4 6RU

Date: 26 August 2020



Head of Planning, Development & Regulatory Services *RE*

CONDITIONS & REASONS

1. The proposal has been assessed against the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) and Class A, Part 2, Schedule 2 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015. It can be confirmed that the proposed operation would be lawful for planning purposes on the basis of the drawings:

Location Plan (received 24/05/2020)

Block Plan (received 01/07/2020)

PL01 - Existing and Proposed Floor Plan (received 01/07/2020)

PL02 - Existing Elevations (received 01/07/2020)

PL03 - Proposed Elevations (received 01/07/2020)

Sufficient evidence has been provided to demonstrate that a Certificate of Lawfulness should be granted for the proposed fence. Therefore the Local Planning Authority can issue the applicant with a Certificate of Lawfulness for the proposed development.

INFORMATIVES

1. This is a certificate in relation to the specific works applied for and confirms that the fencing proposed is permitted development for the purposes of the Planning Acts only. The developer/owner should make separate checks to ensure that the proposed works would not breach a Covenant or any other restrictions on the land.

2. Complaints are commonly received about noise and dust caused by construction and demolition works, particularly working outside reasonable hours and smoke from bonfires associated with the burning of waste on site. The developer is reminded that construction and demolition associated with the approved development/works will be subject to environmental health law.

3. During the course of construction, the developer should take care to ensure that no part of this development (foundations, eaves, guttering, etc.) would encroach on, under or across the boundary line with the adjoining property, as the requisite Notice has not been served on the owner of that property. This permission does not confer any right of access onto land that is not under the developer's control. The developer should also be mindful of the obligations and requirements of the Party Wall Act (1996) details of which can be found at:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/party-wall-etc-act-1996-guidance>

Date: 26 August 2020



Head of Planning, Development & Regulatory Services *RE*

Date: 26 August 2020



Head of Planning, Development & Regulatory Services *RE*

Notes

1. This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of section 192 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
2. It certifies that the use/operations/matter specified in the First Schedule taking place on the land described in the Second Schedule would have been lawful, on the specified date and, thus, would not have been liable to enforcement action under section 172 of the 1990 Act on that date.
3. This certificate applies only to the extent of the use/operations/matter described in the First Schedule and to the land specified in the Second Schedule and identified on the attached plan. Any use/operations/matter which is/are materially different from that/those described or which relate/s to other land may render the owner or occupier liable to enforcement action.
4. The effect of the certificate is also qualified by the proviso in section 192(4) of the 1990 Act, as amended, which states that the lawfulness of a described use or operation is only conclusively presumed where there has been no material change, before the use is instituted or the operations begun, in any of the matters relevant to determining such lawfulness.
5. If you are aggrieved by the decision of the Council, you may appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 195 of the Town and Country planning Act 1990.

Further information can be viewed at: <https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk/>

